



THE DALLAS HERALD.

CHARLES R. PRYOR, Editor.

W. SWINDELLS, Assistant Editor.

Dallas, Wednesday, June 6, 1860.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION, 1860.

FOR ELECTORS.

For the State at Large.

Col. M. D. GRAHAM.

Gen. T. N. WAUL.

First District—Col. A. T. RAINEY.

Second District—Col. J. A. WHARTON.

STATE ELECTION, AUGUST, 1860.

For the Attorney General.

G. M. FLOURNOY.

For the Comptroller.

ELBERT R. JOHNS.

For the State Treasurer.

CYRUS H. RANDOLPH.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR THE ELECTION IN AUGUST NEXT.

For District Attorney.

For the County Clerk.

For the County Clerk.

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Editorial Correspondence.

CUMBERLAND, Md., May 16, 1860.

DEAR HERALD: Yesterday, I traveled over the Western Division of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, the original and principal artery of travel over the Alleghenies, connecting the East and West. To say that the whole line of the route, from the time we left Benwood, on the Ohio, till we reached this place, was one continuous succession of wild mountain scenery, the like of which can scarcely be found on this continent, would give you some idea of the grandeur of the scene that was before our eyes during the entire day; and the difficulties overcome, and immense amount of herculean work done to create an artificial highway over the barrier of Nature that separates the Atlantic slope from that of the valley of the Mississippi, is truly astonishing. But, to commence where I left off in my last, I must go back to Columbus, and in following my travels of the past two days, I will try and give our readers a faint idea of what I saw, but will not attempt more than a passing glance, for my feeble pen is too insignificant to do anything like justice to the boldly sublime grandeur of the scene laid out before me. Well, I left Columbus on Monday afternoon at 8 o'clock, by the Central Ohio Railroad, for Benwood, the western terminus of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad. Passing over a fine country, rich in agricultural wealth, the first place of any note we came to, was Newark, a town of considerable size, thence to Zanesville, quite a large place, containing many fine brick and stone buildings, but presenting a dingy, dirty appearance, the natural consequence where the principal fuel used is bituminous coal. We next passed Cambridge, a place of some importance and size. From Cambridge to Belair, we traveled after night, and of course I could not "see what was to be seen." I laid over at Belair, on the Ohio river, opposite the terminus of the Baltimore & Ohio Road, until yesterday morning, in order to take a daylight view of the Western Division of that celebrated highway. Belair is a small place, containing a good hotel—the Belmont House—and noticeable only as the terminus of the Central Ohio Road. It, however, contains some twelve or fifteen hundred inhabitants, and sustains a tri-weekly newspaper.

Yesterday morning, at 10 o'clock, I took the train coming east. On the boat coming across the river, I was kindly furnished by an attaché of the railroad company with a little pocket guide-book of the distances and notable places along this road, together with a pamphlet giving "memoranda concerning Baltimore City and its surroundings," so dedicated to the Western Division. These two little books will enable one to visit the Monumental City and see all its beauties and works of art with the least possible trouble. The first point on the road that attracted our attention, was the great Indian Mound, 7 miles from Benwood. It is a place of considerable notoriety, and is visited by a great many people. We next came to Board Tree Tunnel, nearly half a mile long, through the mountain. This hill was formerly crossed by a zig-zag railroad, with seven vias, until the tunnel was completed. At Fairmont, 72 miles from Benwood, is a beautiful suspension bridge, crossing Tygart's Valley River, a tributary of the Monongahela. This place is also a large engine station of the company, where are to be found extensive machine shops, and other appliances of the road. We next crossed the Monongahela river, on an iron bridge, 600 feet long, a little below Denton's river. Somewhere in this vicinity, also, the Guide Book tells of a place called "Texas," but we passed it without being aware of it. The Falls of the Valley River, a little further on, are also worthy of note; and I must not forget to mention the celebrated Henry Church, who resides a little further back. He is said to be 110 years old, and his wife 106 years. A portrait of them, together with their history, was published in Harper's Monthly, about a year ago. They have resided at this place since they were old, and are objects of wonder and curiosity to all the passengers who travel on this road. At Gratton, about 100 miles from Wheeling, we took dinner. This is the point of junction of the N. W. Virginia Railroad, to Parkersburg, and the end of the 84 or Mountain Division of the road. We found a fine hotel here, and got a really luxurious dinner, with every thing that could tempt the appetite, served up in the best possible manner. About 15 miles further on, we passed through the great Kinywood Tunnel, nearly a mile long, but solidly arched with stone and iron. This tunnel alone cost the company about a million dollars. During the time we were passing through, everything was as black as midnight, and the feeble, sickly glare of the lamps that were lighted in the cars, seemed but as a beacon to show the impenetrable darkness which prevailed. These tunnels are noticeable features on this road. There are no less than 11 of them between Baltimore and Wheeling, the aggregate length of which, is 12,694 feet, all solidly arched with stone, iron or brick. As Willis says: "Think what a peck of it is—fourteen mountains strung on a single railroad, like a string of pearls for one Goddess of Liberty." We now approached and passed through the "Cheat River Region," where the most stupendous engineering to be found along the whole line of the road, may be found, and where some of the heaviest grading has been done. To an eye unaccustomed to scientific engineering, the obstacles to the building of a railroad to be met with in this region, would seem an impossible barrier; but the determined energy of the company and the scientific skill of the engineer have overcome all these obstacles, and the work stands as a monument of art to the genius of the projectors of this magnificent undertaking. The view from the great Tray Run Viaduct, both of the scenery and the noble structure which so grandly and splendidly spans the immense mountain ravine, is really sublime. The viaduct itself is 600 feet long and 150 feet above the original bed of the Run, and is founded on a "massive base of masonry, piled upon the solid rock below." This whole region requires to be seen to be properly appreciated. The noble grandeur on every hand, for miles and miles, it seems to me most surpass anything to be witnessed anywhere else on this continent, and may compare favorably (as says a celebrated historian) with the mountains of Scotland, or the passes of the Apennines. I have dwelt rather longer on this portion of the road than I intended, and yet I have not begun to give any idea of the wonders to be seen. It was the portion of the day's travel that attracted my attention more closely than any other. From this to Cumberland, there are many objects of special interest to the traveler, among others, "Cranberry Summit," the Glades Hotel, a favorite summer resort, in the vicinity of which the mountain streams divide, flowing to the Atlantic Ocean in one direction, and to the Gulf of Mexico in the other—an elevation of 2,700 feet above tide-water; Savage River and Seventeen-mile Grade, Piedmont (the location of extensive machine shops by the company, and the junction of a branch railroad leading 10 miles into an extensive coal region); and other places of note which I have not time nor space to allude to.

We reached Cumberland about 8 o'clock p. m., and put up at the St. Nicholas Hotel, a first class house, where I spent a comfortable night, and rested myself to renew my travels this morning. I forgot to mention that I met at Benwood, our companionable contemporary of the Baltimore Division, Mr. Stewart Bay, with whom, accompanied by his daughter, I had passed a few days. I was really glad to see a family from Texas Bay—indeed, we had more at home, to have some one of my acquaintance to share in the hotel was a blessing. I will resume my travels in the morning.

Mr. Everett Declines.—The Washington correspondent of the Boston Traveler states that it is reported in Washington, on the authority of a relative of Mr. Everett, that he will not accept the position assigned to him upon the Baltimore ticket. The New York Herald says: "Everett don't wish to play second on the Bell ticket, because he may be called upon to carry out the duties of the position of the Bell, in November."

News from the Rangers.

As every one is anxious to hear from the company of Rangers, we give this week a portion of an interesting letter, received by us from one of our citizens, who went out with them. The letter is dated "Camp near Belknap, May 23d, 1860." It contains all the particulars up to that time:

"We then came on to this point, and arrived on the 24th of May; found the Collins, Fannin and a part of Dalrymple's company already here. The next day the Tarrant and Waco companies arrived. Since being here all the companies have had out scouting parties, in various directions. On the 9th we received news from the 12th mile mark, that Belknap, a party of Indians had killed a Mexican, and wounded a Mr. Newhouse; immediately a party of men from Capt. Johnson's company, under 1st Lieut. Chenoweth, and 3d Lt. Johnson, and a party from our company under 2d Lt. Bingham and Capt. Smith of the Waco company. I also accompanied them—in all twenty-seven—were started for the place where the depredations were committed; arrived there about 11 o'clock that night, and camped. Found the news "but too true." The Mexican scalped and Mr. Newhouse mortally wounded, from which he died the next night.

We were here joined by one of the neighbors, a negro and Mexican, as trappers, and started in pursuit. In about 15 miles of the place of murder, we found some 14 head of fine cattle killed by them—only taking a very small quantity of the meat. We found 13 trails, leading in a North-western direction, crossing the Brazos, and two other streams, where five other trails joined them; it is supposed there were twelve or thirteen Indians in the party though only eight seen. We pursued to some high bluff, supposed to be a part of the Wichita mountains, some 150 miles from here, where we were overtaken by a tremendous rain and hail storm, putting off the trail; and being entirely out of provisions, except Buffalo meat which we had an abundance, causing us to retreat our steps to camp, where we arrived after an absence of eleven days.

Our men getting very impatient to start to the Indian country, but cannot leave until the supplies arrive which should have been here before now. Our company have received orders to leave to-morrow. We have had measles, in Capt. Johnson's company, and some chills in all the companies, and also some few accidents. It has kept me quite busy until recently, Dr. Peak being absent from his company I had his my own to attend.

Judge Barford arrived here on Monday last, and opened Court; he is now in our camp. Our friend J. D. Kerfoot has been elected 2d Lt. of the Dallas company, by a large majority over his opponent. No more at present. Yours, IL C. SCOTT.

Death of Ed. Cornett.

We give below an extract from a letter received from a gentleman at Belknap, relative to the killing of Ed. Cornett, the man that is supposed to have killed Major Neighbors, and whose wife was carried into captivity by the Indians, last year.

DELRAP, TEXAS, May 28th, 1860.

Editor Dallas Herald:—The mail is being made up, and I have just time to inform you that Ed. Cornett was killed near this place yesterday, by the sheriff's "posse" consisting of who had, by virtue of a writ of arrest, issued from the magister, gone to arrest the said Cornett, for an attempt, on the day previous, to kill Dennis Murphy, a peaceable, quiet and high-minded citizen of our country. The killing was justifiable in executing the due process of the law.

DELRAP, TEXAS, May 30th, 1860.

DEAR HERALD: At the request of W. A. Hawkins, Assessor and Collector of this county, I send you a recapitulation of the assessment roll of Ellis county, for the years 1859 and 1860, as follows:

1859.	
187,809 acres of land valued at.....	\$622,574
145 town lots.....	37,863
847 negroes.....	455,500
2,888 horses.....	108,000
30,807 cattle.....	202,131
Miscellaneous property.....	38,809
Amount of money lent.....	25,000
Total.....	\$1,879,233

1860.	
227,499 acres of land, valued at.....	\$819,538
168 town lots.....	37,863
1,009 negroes.....	589,075
6,611 horses.....	305,104
32,884 cattle.....	217,382
2,284 sheep.....	14,605
Amount of miscellaneous property.....	25,000
Total.....	\$2,124,767

If you think the above would be of interest, you can publish it, as, otherwise, Yours, BENJ. F. HAWKINS.

"The following from the New York Daily Book, shows that the fates are not propitious towards Gen. Houston. His admirers of yesterday, forsake him to-day. The present organ of the Governor, once pronounced him a "transcendent humbug," and afterwards, offered to him the most profuse adulation.—The New York Herald occupies the reverse of this, after praising the old Hero most lavishly, the same paper now declares him "very much of a humbug."

We quote from the Day Book: "People who read the Herald will recollect, perhaps, that not long ago it was enthusiastically, and in the matter of editorials, profusely, in favor of old San Houston for President. This is the way Bennett drops his whitewash favorite to-day."

"As for Houston, of whom so much has been said, he would not be by any means a safe man for President of the United States. He is not a conservative man, would be very likely to plunge the country into war, and furthermore, he is much of a humbug."

There was recently, it is stated, a demonstration got up in favor of Gen. Houston, at the Metropolitan Hotel, in New York, kept by the brothers Leand, one of whom was expelled from the Galveston Convention, for having been too lately a Black Republican. This man was a warm admirer of the Governor, and went North after his expulsion from Galveston. Whether or not he figured at the meeting at his brothers' hotel, the reports do not say. His admiration for Houston, would naturally induce him to mingle in the proceedings, and get up some demonstration for his favorite.

RAPID INCREASE IN VALUE OF PROPERTY.—By reference to the valuable statistics of Ellis county, furnished us by the Assessor and Collector, Mr. W. A. Hawkins, it will be seen that Ellis county is one of the most flourishing in the State. In 1859, the total valuation of property was \$1,670,225; in 1860, it is \$2,124,767, which is a large increase in the value of property. In 1859, there were in the county, 647 negroes; in 1860, 1,009. Other property has increased equally in value. Ellis county is rapidly becoming one of the wealthiest in the State, and in point of intelligence and morality, her citizens are unsurpassed by any community, in any State whatever.

THE BELL PLATFORM.—No North, no East, no South, no West, no everything, Know Nothing, and more especially nothing in particular.

Bell now runs upon the broad platform of the "Union and the Constitution." A short time ago, it was too broad, and the plank of "religious liberty" was particularly offensive to the Know Nothings. But now their candidates strut over the stage, and take the whole platform, religious liberty and all. The green old age of the venerable senator, has, perhaps, something to do with his enlarged views of charity.

Unparalleled Impudence of Insurance.—A daily distilled Opposition-Houston paper, speaking of Gen. Houston, says:

Strong hopes are entertained that the democratic convention of next month will unite in recommending him. Let this be done, and success is certain. We can assure the sanguine but misguided editor that the Democracy has no use for the refusal of the Know Nothing and Black Republican conventions.—The people are only laughing at the pretensions of the aged Governor, and his friends, but still entertain a belief that he will not suffer his name to be used in opposition to the Democratic nominees. The General is patriotic enough, to see how he can best serve his country.

The True Southron comes to us again, making a handsome appearance, and filled with choice reading matter, and showing much editorial ability. We wish it abundant success. The gallant editors have settled, in the right way that vulgar and offensive allusion to the color of a certain bouquet. Served him his right, Southron.

A reward of \$500 is offered by an aged mother, in Houston county, for the murderers of her only son. The murder is represented as a foul assassination. In order to assist the distressed lady, we give the description of the villain:

"James L. Landrum is about 24 years of age, about 6 feet high, dark complexion and black hair, weighs about 175 pounds, has generally very weak eyes. John W. Mathes is about 23 or 24 years of age, about 6 feet 1 inch high, light complexion and light hair, weighs 165 pounds, a great talker and boaster, and a gambler. ELIZABETH ROBINSON. Crockett, May 28, 1860.

What a good time the Dallas editor is having because a certain fair one smiled on him and lent to everything a *couleur de rose*. Crockett Printer. Just the reverse, perhaps. Because she would not smile, we took revenge by praising everything but her own fair self.

Latest Foreign News.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—In the House of Representatives yesterday, the bill which provides for the constitution of a railroad, to run from some point on the Mississippi river to the Pacific was taken up. A discussion in which some of the most prominent members were participants ensued, and lasted for several hours, but no definite action was arrived at. The bill was finally laid over till next Monday, when it would be made the special order of the day.

A brief discussion ensued, when the ayes and nays were called; and the bill, with Mr. Burnett's amendment, passed by a vote of 101 ayes to 70 nays.

In the Senate yesterday, the Committee on the Judiciary reported a bill which provides for the deportation of the Africans captured by the United States steamer Mohawk, on board the bark Wildfire, at Key West.

The bill, as reported, passed the Senate as follows: Ayes, 41 nays, 14.

The President has given his authority to use Government vessels of war, also an appropriation of \$200,000 to defray expenses in transporting the captured negroes to the colony of Liberia Africa.

The Pacific Telegraph bill was amended by giving the work to the lowest guaranteed bidder. After the speech delivered by Mr. Crittenden on Mr. Davis's territorial resolutions, the amendment recently offered by Mr. Brown, of Mississippi, which declared that intervention is now needed, was taken up, briefly discussed, and lost by the following vote, ayes, 43; nays, 5.

The resolution of Mr. Cingman, which says that no consent shall be given to Congressional intervention to protect slave property in the Territories, was called up and unanimously adopted.

In the House of Representatives to-day, the Civil Appropriation bill came up for discussion, and passed.

The bill passed, provides for an appropriation of one million of dollars for taking the census the present year.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—The President has tendered the nomination of Consul-General at Constantinople to Mr. Henry D. Taylor. This nomination has not as yet been confirmed by the Senate.

NEW YORK MARKET MAY 35.—The market for flour closed steady. The sales to-day were 16,500 bushels. Superfine State is selling at \$5 10c to \$5 15c per bushel.

The prices for corn range from 60¢ a 7c per bushel. The market closed very dull.

Pork closed dull. New mess is selling at \$17 75 per barrel.

Lard is selling at 11 1-4 to 11 3-4c. per lb. The market closed firm.

NEW ORLEANS CATTLE MARKET.

Jefferson City, Friday evening, May 25.

BEEF CATTLE.—Receipts of the week 300 Western and 647 Texas. Cattle. Prices of good Western Beefs are firmer. We quote Texas Cattle at \$13 a 25¢ and \$35 per head; Western at 7 a 8 1-2 and 9¢ per lb. Net. Near 70 Western and 406 Texas Cattle remain on sale.

COGS.—We quote at 6 a 7c. per lb. net. Stock 275 head, and receipts of the week 280 head.

SHEEP.—Near 1300 head remain on sale. Prices \$2 a \$4 50 per head. Receipts 2094 head.

MILCH COWS.—Dull at \$30 a \$90 per head. Stock 78 head.

VEAL CATTLE.—Fair demand at \$8 a 10 per head. Stock 300 head.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. D. KERFOOT & WALLER, T. M. WALLER.

Kerfoot & Waller, Attorneys and Counselors at Law, DALLAS, TEXAS.

WILL practice their profession in the Courts of the 16th Judicial District, and in the Supreme and Federal Courts of the State. Dallas, June 14, 1860. 40-17

THE GOLDEN MORTAR.

Clean's Condition Powders cures all diseases of horses, cattle and sheep. To stock raisers, we say try them, and you will not regret it.—for sale by W. W. PEAK & BRO.

CANFORD'S Liver Invigorator has arrived, and those who have tried it pronounce it the only infallible remedy they have ever tried, and a certain cure, for sale by the sole agents, PEAK & BRO.

HOOFLAND'S Balmoid Cordial, a certain and speedy cure for coughs, colds, sore throat, &c. for sale by W. W. PEAK & BRO.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR.—500 lbs. buckwheat flour just received and for sale by PEAK & BRO.

CROCKERY, Crockery, Jugs, jars, pitchers, crocks, churns, &c., for sale by PEAK & BRO.

GROCERIES. WE are receiving by express every week, new and fresh supplies of staple and Fancy Groceries. W. W. PEAK & BRO.

DRIED FRUITS, of all kinds at W. W. PEAK & BRO'S.

A. J. HAY, Wool Factor, AND—Commission Merchant, HOUSTON, TEXAS.

Liberal advances made on all wool and hides consigned to me for sale or re-shipment. Remitted by remittance to—B. A. Shepherd, A. J. Burke, T. W. Jones & Co., Galveston, Wills & Bro., New Orleans, and L. C. Lebeck. 40-17

NOTICE.

The McKinney Hotel is offered for sale, with all its premises and furniture, containing three stories; all in good order with a large stable, and a good kitchen containing plenty of good water, for all purposes. All of which I will sell low. For further particulars apply to the undersigned. J. H. KENTMONT. June 14, 1860—40-18

Mail Robbery.

With the undersigned at Alvarado, mailed to our Merchant, at Houston, checks to the amount of one thousand and seventy-seven dollars and 65 cents, (\$1077 65) which were taken out of the mail, and the order of G. A. Wheat and others erased, and made payable to E. S. Green, and the money drawn. There is no doubt that E. S. Green, County Clerk at Meridian, is the man who drew the money, in the name of E. S. Green; he bought exchange on New Orleans for a part of the checks. The following are the numbers of the bills of exchange, and all persons are notified not to purchase the same: Number 1269, \$150; number 1270, \$150; number 1271, \$150; number 1272, \$104 25. J. A. W. F. DURK. Alvarado, May 25, 1860—40-18

Strayed!

FROM the subscriber in Waxahachie, on the night of the 15th, a LIGHT BAY MULE, three or four years old, between 14 and 18 hands high, branded on the left jaw and shoulder with the letter A. It was last seen below Waxahachie, and is supposed to be in the hands of some one. Any information leading to the recovery and liberal reward. Address Jonathan Allen, McKinney, May 29th, 1860—40-18

Strayed!

FROM the subscriber, living on Onion Creek, Ellis county, Texas, a pair of MULES, one a mouse-colored, mare mule, about 14 1-2 hands high; five years old this Spring, branded with two letters rather dim. The other is a bay, horse mule, 8 years old, and about 15 hands high; very good pacer, both mares and tails sheared and are harness marked. Said mules left about the 1st of May. I will pay any person well who will deliver them to me or give me any information so that I can get them. JOHN W. JONES. Waxahachie, May 30, 1860—40-18

Administrator's Notice.

THE undersigned having been appointed at the May term 1860 of the County Court of Ellis county, Texas, administrators of the estate of Isaac W. Dunning, deceased; all persons holding claims against said estate are hereby notified to present them duly authenticated within the time prescribed by law, and those indebted to the same will please make prompt payment. NANCY DUNNING, VALENTINE SEVIER. Waxahachie, May 30, 1860—40-18

E. P. NICHOLSON, Agent.

Waxahachie, May 30, 1860—40-18

THE STATE OF TEXAS.

COUNTY OF DALLAS.

To any Lawful Officer of said county—Greeting.

YOU are hereby commanded to summon J. S. Groome, principal, and E. R. Fletcher & Co., assignors, by publication in the Dallas Herald, a notice of the before me, Jas. N. Smith, a Justice of the Peace in and for the county of Dallas, precinct No. 1, at my office, on the 30th day of June, A. D. 1860, between the hours of ten o'clock A. M. and two o'clock P. M. of said day, to answer the complaint of Thos. Emerson, assignee, on a plea of debt due by note \$38 44 cents.

Fail not and due return make as the law directs. Given under my hand this 29th day of May, A. D. 1860. JAS. N. SMITH, Justice of the Peace.

Came to hand May 29th, 1860. Executed by ordering publication for three successive weeks in the Dallas Herald. JAS. SHEPPARD, 48-3w Deputy Sheriff, D. Co.

Physicians of Dallas County.

The practicing Physicians of Dallas County are respectfully requested to meet at the Town of Dallas, on the 2nd and Monday of June next, for conference on matters connected with the profession. MANY PHYSICIANS.

STRAYED.

FROM the subscriber about the 25th of last December, a pied Mare, blue and white, seven years old, over 15 hands high, heavy body, has a white blaze on the head extending both ears and differently colored from the rest of the body, branded S. D. on the left shoulder, ready to foal in April or May. I will give \$15 for her delivery to me, or miles west of Dallas, or any information thankfully received. J. C. REED. Dallas, Texas, May 28, 1860. 48-1f

NOTICE.

THE Reunion Store Buildings and Goods for sale,